

Product Components

| Components | Component Number | 1 mL | 5 mL | 100 mL |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|----------|------------|
| PowerPol 2X PCR Mix with Dye V2 | RM20395 | 1 mL | 1 mL × 5 | 1 mL × 100 |

Product Description

PowerPol 2X PCR Mix with Dye V2 is an optimized premix with amplification rates up to 10 s/kb to save PCR reaction time. Reagents include DNA polymerases, dNTPs, MgCl₂, KCl, and other stabilizers. It only needs to add primers and templates to perform amplification. This product contains loading buffer, PCR products can be directly loaded for electrophoresis.

PowerPol 2X PCR Mix with Dye V2 can use complex genomic DNA as a template to amplify a 5 kb target fragment or a simple template such as lambda DNA to amplify a 10 kb target fragment. It is suitable for Colony PCR, genotype identification, vector construction, and other applications.

5'-3' exonuclease activity

No

3'-5' exonuclease activity

Yes

Fidelity

6X *Taq*

Product End

Blunt end

Storage

-20°C

Operation Description

Standard Protocol

1. It is recommended to prepare all reaction components on ice, and then quickly transfer the reaction system to a thermocycler preheated to 98°C.

Recommended Reaction

| Component | 25 µL Reaction | 50 µL Reaction | Final Concentration |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| PowerPol 2X PCR Mix with Dye V2 | 12.5 µL | 25 µL | 1X |
| Forward Primer (10 µM) | 0.5 µL | 1 µL | 0.2 µM |
| Reverse Primer (10 µM) | 0.5 µL | 1 µL | 0.2 µM |
| DNA Template* | Variable | Variable | <300 ng |
| Nuclease-free Water | to 25 µL | to 50 µL | N/A |

* Note: The optimal reaction concentration varies with different DNA templates. The recommended DNA template amounts for a 50 µL reaction are as follows. For long fragment amplification, the amount of template input can be appropriately increased:

| DNA | Input Amount |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Plants, animals and human gDNA | 10 ng-100 ng |
| <i>E.coli</i> , lambda gDNA | 10 pg-200 ng |
| Plasmid DNA | 1 pg-10 ng |
| cDNA | 1 - 5 μ L (less than 10% of the total reaction volume) |

Recommended PCR Program :

| Step | Temp | Time | Cycles |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------|--------|
| Initial Denaturation | 98°C | 45 s* | 1 |
| Denaturation | 98°C | 10 s | } 30 |
| Annealing | 55-65°C** | 30 s | |
| Extension | 72°C | 10-30 s/kb*** | |
| Final Extension | 72°C | 5 min | 1 |
| Hold | 4-12°C | - | 1 |

*Note: In the case of high complexity DNA templates, such as high GC sequences, the predenaturation time should be extended to 3 min, and for colony PCR, it can be extended to 8 min for full denaturation.

**Note: In general, the annealing temperature can be set to 60°C by default, and for primers longer than 20 nt are annealed at (lower primer T_m+3)°C; and for primers are shorter than 20 nt, an annealing temperature equivalent to the lower primer T_m.

***Note: For the low-complexity amplicons (such as plasmid DNA, Lambda DNA), or fragments within 1 kb in length, the extension condition is 10 s/kb. For high-complexity amplicons or fragments with a length of more than 1 kb, it is recommended to increase the extension time to 20-30 s/kb.