

# **SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody ELISA Kit (Mouse)**

Catalog NO.: RK04178

version: 2.0

This package insert must be read in its entirety  
before using this product

## **Introduction**

The kit applies for detecting the titer of anti-SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody in serum and plasma.

## **Principle of the Assay**

This assay employs the Indirect immunoassay technique. A SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Antibody and samples are pipetted into the wells and any SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody present is bound by the immobilized protein. After incubation unbound samples are removed during a wash step, and then a secondary antibody is added to the wells and binds to the combination of capture protein-SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody in sample. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, a substrate is added. A colored product TMB is formed in proportion to the amount of SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody present in the sample. The reaction is terminated by addition of acid and absorbance is measured.

## **Material Provided & Storage Conditions**

Unopened kits can be stored at 2-8°C for 1 year, and opened products must be used within 1 month.

<b>Part</b>	<b>Size</b>	<b>Cat. No.</b>	<b>Storage of opened/ reconstituted material</b>
SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody (Mouse) Microwell Plate Coated	8x12	RM41032	Put the unused slats back in the aluminum foil bag with the desiccant and reseal them. They can be stored at 2-8°C for 1 month.
Control Antibody (100x)	1x20ul	RM41033	It is not recommended to use again after redissolving.

Concentrated Secondary Antibody (1000x)	1 x30ul	RM41034	Store at 2-8°C for 1 month *
Control/Sample Diluent (R1) (4x)	1 x20mL	RM18000	
Secondary Antibody Diluent (R2)	1 x12mL	RM00024	Store at 2-8°C for 1 month *
Wash Buffer (20x)	1 x30mL	RM00026	
TMB Substrate	1 x12 mL	RM00027	
Stop Solution	1 x6 mL	RM00028	
Plate Sealers	4 strips		
Specification	1		

## **Other Supplies Required**

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm or 570 nm.
2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
3. Deionized or distilled water.
4. Squir bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
5. Incubator.
6. Test tubes for dilution of standards and samples.

## **Precautions**

### **\* FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.**

1. Any variation in diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
2. Variations in sample collection, processing, and storage may cause sample value differences.
3. Reagents may be harmful. If ingested, rinse it with an excess amount of tap water.
4. Stop solution contains strong acid. Wear eye, hand, and face protection.
5. Please perform simple centrifugation to collect the liquid before use.
6. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or other sources.
7. Adequate mixing is particularly important for good result. Use a mini-vortexer at the lowest frequency.
8. Mix the sample and all components in the kits adequately and use clean plastic container to prepare all diluents.
9. Both the sample and standard should be assayed in

duplicate, and reagents should be added in sequence in accordance with the requirement of the specification.

10. Reuse of dissolved standard is not recommended.
11. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
12. The kit should be away from light when it is stored or incubated.
13. To reduce the likelihood of blood-borne transmission of infectious agents, handle all serum, plasma, and other biological fluids in accordance with NCCLS regulations.
14. To avoid cross contamination, please use disposable pipette tips.
15. Please prepare all the kit components according to the Specification. If the kit will be used several times, please seal the rest strips and preserve with desiccants. Do use up within 2 months.
16. The 48T kit is also suitable for the specification.

## **Sample Collection & Storage**

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

**Serum:** Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes at room temperature before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20$  °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Plasma:** Collect plasma using EDTA or Heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20$ °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. (Note: Citrate plasma has not been validated for use in this assay.)

**Note:** It is suggested that all samples in a study be collected at the same time of the day. Avoid hemolytic and hyperlipidemia sample for serum and plasma.



## **Reagent Preparation**

1. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. If crystals have formed in the concentrate, Bring the reagent to room temperature, and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
2. **Control/Sample Diluent (R1 4x)** -Dilute 1:4 with double distilled or deionized water before use, for example : Add 5 mL of Standard/Sample Diluent Concentrate to 15mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 20 mL of Control/Sample Diluent .
3. **Control Antibody:** Dilute 1:100 with the 1x Control/Sample Diluent (R1) (1x) , sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation.
4. **Concentrated Secondary Antibody (1000x):** Dilute 1:1000 with the Secondary Antibody Diluent (R2) before use, and the diluted solution should be used within 30 min.
5. **Wash Buffer** - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 1:20 with double distilled or deionized water before use. For example: Add 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate to 380 mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 400 mL of Wash Buffer.

## **Assay Procedure**

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

1. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal.
2. Add wash buffer 350  $\mu$ L/well, aspirate each well after holding 60 seconds, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes.
3. Add 100  $\mu$ L 1x Control/Sample Diluent (R1) (1x) in blank well.
4. Add 100  $\mu$ L Control Antibody Working Solution or sample in other wells, cover with the adhesive sealer provided. Incubate for 2 hours at 37°C.
5. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2.
6. Prepare the Concentrated Secondary Antibody (1000x) Working Solution 15 minutes early before use.
7. Add Secondary antibody Working Solution in each well (100  $\mu$ L/well), cover with new adhesive sealer provided. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C.
8. Warm-up the Microplate reader for 30 minutes before

measuring.

9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2.
10. Add TMB Substrate (100  $\mu$  L/well). Incubate for 15-20 minutes at 37°C. Protect from light.
11. Add Stop Solution (50  $\mu$  L/well), determine the optical density of each well within 5 minutes, using a Microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 570 nm or 630 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 570 nm or 630 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may cause higher value and less accurate result.

## **Assay Procedure Summary**

Prepare the standard and reagents

wash 3 times



Add 100ul of Control or test samples to each well

Incubate for 2 hours at 37°C, then wash 3 times



Add 100ul Secondary antibody Working Solution

Incubate for 1 hours at 37°C, then wash 3 times



Add 100ul Substrate Solution

Incubate for 15-20 min at 37°C under dark condition



Add 50ul Stop Solution



Detect the optical density within 5 minutes under 450nm.

Correction Wavelength set at 570nm or 630nm

## **Specificity**

This assay recognizes SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid Protein IgG Antibody .

## Trouble Shooting

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Possible Cause</b>	<b>Solution</b>
High Background	Insufficient washing	Sufficiently wash plates as required. Ensure appropriate duration and number of washes. Ensure appropriate volume of wash buffer in each well.
	Incorrect incubation procedure	Check whether the duration and temperature of incubation are set up as required.
	Cross-contamination of samples and reagents	Be careful of the operations that could cause cross-contamination. Use fresh reagents and repeat the tests.
No signal or weak signal	Incorrect use of reagents	Check the concentration and dilution ratio of reagents. Make sure to use reagents in proper order.
	Incorrect use of microplate reader	Warm the reader up before use. Make sure to set up appropriate main wavelength and correction wavelength.
	Insufficient colour reaction time	Optimum duration of colour reaction should be limited to 15-25 minutes.
	Read too late after stopping the colour reaction	Read the plate in 5 minutes after stopping the reaction.
	Matrix effect of samples	Use positive control.

Too much signal	Contamination of TMB substrate	Check if TMB substrate solution turns blue. Use new TMB substrate solution.
	Plate sealers reused	Use a fresh new sealer in each step of experiments.
	Protein concentration in sample is too high	Do pre-test and dilute samples in optimum dilution ratio.
Poor Duplicates	Uneven addition of samples	Check the pipette. Periodically calibrate the pipette.
	Impurities and precipitates in samples	Centrifuge samples before use.
	Inadequate mixing of reagents	Mix all samples and reagents well before loading.

\*For research purposes only. Not for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes.